

NREC & PREN & μ ASTI: 6th–10th May 2024

QED corrections to low-energy scattering processes with MCMULE

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McMULE

Monte Carlo for MUons and other LEptons

<https://mule-tools.gitlab.io>

P. Banerjee, A. Coutinho, T. Engel, A. Gurgone, F. Hagelstein,
S. Kollatzsch, D. Moreno, L. Naterop, D. Radic, M. Rocco,
N. Schalch, V. Sharkovska, A. Signer, Y. Ulrich

⇒ a **framework** for fully-differential higher-order QED calculations of scattering processes

- fixed-order **NNLO** QED corrections available/planned for

$$\ell \rightarrow \ell' \nu \bar{\nu}$$

$$e^{\pm} \mu \rightarrow e^{\pm} \mu$$

$$e^{+} e^{-} \rightarrow \gamma^{*}$$

$$\ell \rightarrow \ell' \nu \bar{\nu} \gamma$$

$$e^{\pm} e^{\pm} \rightarrow e^{\pm} e^{\pm}$$

$$e^{+} e^{-} \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$$

$$\ell \rightarrow \ell' \nu \bar{\nu} (e^{+} e^{-})$$

$$\ell p \rightarrow \ell p$$

$$e^{+} e^{-} \rightarrow \mu^{+} \mu^{-} \gamma$$

- full NNLO!!, toying with N³LO, but no dirty protons and no parton shower/YFS (yet)
- fully differential** Monte Carlo **integrator** ⇒ generator to follow [Y.Ulrich]

Talk based on **Impact of NNLO QED corrections on lepton-proton scattering at MUSE**

[2307.16831: T.Engel, F.Hagelstein, M.Rocco, V.Sharkovska, AS, Y.Ulrich]

Three (not necessarily new) messages

- # 1 QED/QCD has seen huge progress, do not use techniques of the 70ties
- # 2 NNLO QED corrections can be larger than TPE
- # 3 For TPE, always do virtual + real

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www.flickr.com/photos/jacksnell707/3410447948

1970 Chevrolet Monte Carlo, looks great, but ... this one is just better



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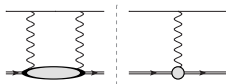
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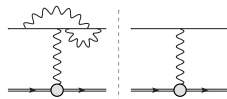
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without



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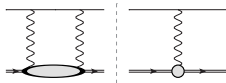
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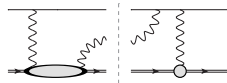
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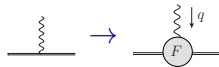
start with **Moller scattering at NNLO**

[2107.12311: P.Banerjee, T.Engel, N.Schalch, AS, Y.Ulrich]

and **Muon-electron scattering at NNLO**

[2212.06481: A.Broggio, T.Engel, A.Ferrogia, M.Mandal, P.Mastrolia, M.Rocco, J.Ronca, AS, W.Torres Bobadilla, Y.Ulrich, M.Zoller]

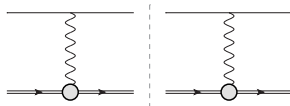
From $e^\pm \mu \rightarrow e^\pm \mu$ to $\ell p \rightarrow \ell p$: as a simplistic model



$$\text{Diagram with } F = -eq_p \gamma^\mu + \delta^\mu = \text{Diagram with wavy line} + \text{Diagram with } \delta$$

$$F_{1/2} \sim \left(\frac{\Lambda^2}{\Lambda^2 + Q^2} \right)^2 \text{ with } 0.60 \text{ GeV}^2 \leq \Lambda^2 \leq 0.86 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\mathcal{M}_n^{(0)}(q_\ell^2, F^2) = |\mathcal{A}_n^{(0)}(q_\ell, F)|^2 =$$

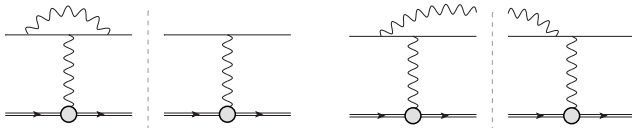


only representative diagrams are shown, but obviously all have been computed

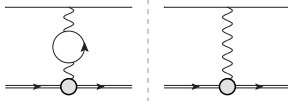
virtual

real

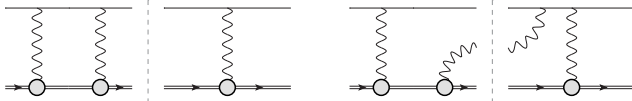
electron $q_\ell^4 F^2$



fermionic $q_\ell^2 \Pi^{(1)} F^2$



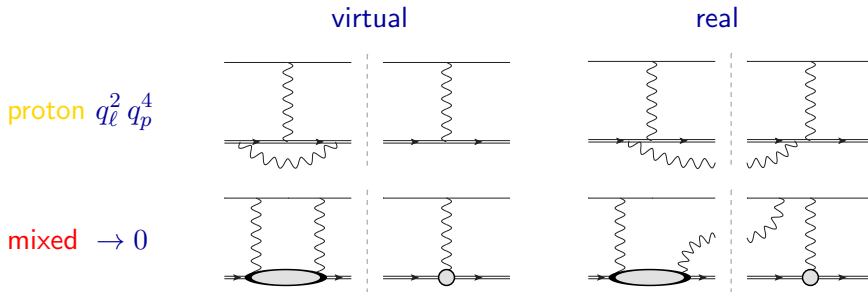
TPE $\supset$ mixed $q_\ell^3 F^3$



! IR singularities !

fully included approximately included not included

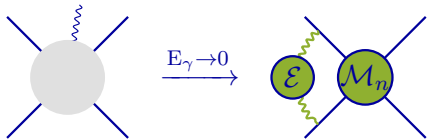
i.e. only elastic TPE is implemented in MCMULE so far



proton-line corrections (IR divergences) not treated as part of form factor

even if mixed is IR finite, still have virtual + real

$m \neq 0 \Rightarrow$ only soft singularities use dim reg for IR singularities



$$\mathcal{M}_{n+1}^{(\ell)} = \mathcal{E} \mathcal{M}_n^{(\ell)} + \mathcal{O}(E_\gamma^{-1})$$

$$\text{eikonal } \mathcal{E} = \sum_{i,j} \frac{p_i \cdot p_j}{(p_\gamma \cdot p_i)(p_\gamma \cdot p_j)} \sim \mathcal{O}(E_\gamma^{-2})$$

$\Rightarrow$ subtraction scheme (FKS^ℓ) at any order in QED [1909.10244; T.Engel, AS, Y.Ulrich]

$$\underbrace{\int d\Phi_\gamma \text{ (grey circle) }}_{\text{divergent and complicated}} = \underbrace{\int d\Phi_\gamma \left(\text{grey circle} - \text{epsilon circle} \right)}_{\text{complicated but finite}} + \underbrace{\int d\Phi_\gamma \text{ (epsilon circle) }}_{\text{divergent but easy}}$$

subtraction scheme

we **do not** write $\sigma_n^{(1)} = \sigma_n^{(v)}(\lambda) + \sigma_n^{(s)}(\lambda, \omega) + \sigma_{n+1}^{(h)}(\omega)$ photon mass λ , resolution ω

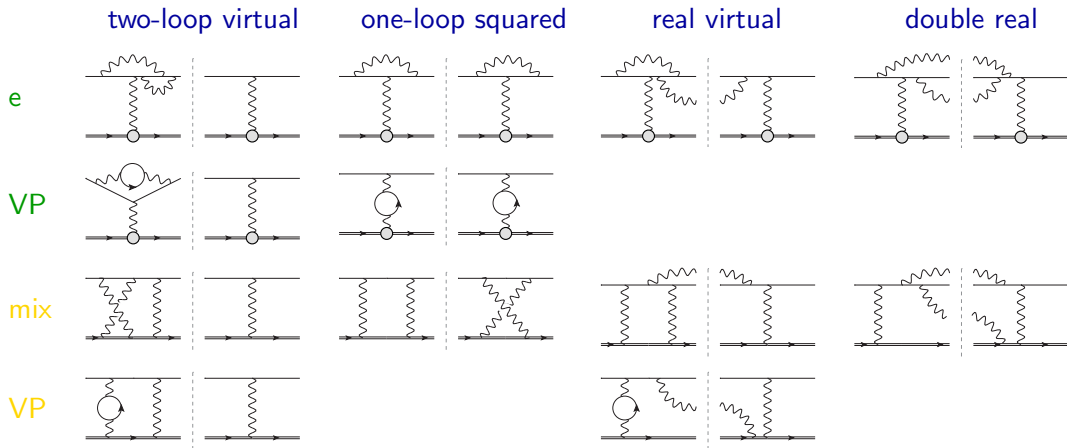
we **do** write $\sigma_n^{(1)} = \sigma_n^{(1)}(\xi_c) + \sigma_{n+1}^{(1)}(\xi_c)$ at NLO

no approximation at all

$\sigma_n^{(2)} = \sigma_n^{(2)}(\xi_c) + \sigma_{n+1}^{(2)}(\xi_c) + \sigma_{n+2}^{(2)}(\xi_c)$ at NNLO

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma_n^{(1)}(\xi_c) &= \int d\Phi_n^{d=4} \left(\underbrace{\mathcal{M}_n^{(1)}}_{1/\epsilon} + \underbrace{\hat{\mathcal{E}}(\xi_c)}_{1/\epsilon} \mathcal{M}_n^{(0)} \right) = \int d\Phi_n^{d=4} \underbrace{\mathcal{M}_n^{(1)f}(\xi_c)}_{\text{finite}} \\
 \sigma_{n+1}^{(1)}(\xi_c) &= \int d\Phi_{n+1}^{d=4} \left(\frac{1}{\xi_1} \right)_c (\xi_1 \mathcal{M}_{n+1}^{(0)f})
 \end{aligned}$$

ξ_c dependence cancels between the two/three terms (implementation/stability check)



also pointlike proton NNLO corrections, but they are tiny

Many people are involved, directly McMule AND indirectly beyond McMule!

- many diagrams $\rightarrow$ automate generation of diagrams, algebra, reduction to master integrals $\Rightarrow$ amplitude ~ 60 Mb

[Bonciani, Broggio, Di Vita, Ferroglia, Mandal, Mastrolia, Mattiazzi, Primo, Ronca, Schubert, Torres Bobadilla, Tramontano]

- MUonE two-loop integrals with $m_e = 0$ expressed in terms of generalised polylogs $\rightarrow$ develop Fortran tool for fast numerical evaluation [handyG]
- include effects of $m_e \neq 0$ in mixed NNLO approximately (massification)

[Penin; Becher, Melnikov; Engel, Gnendiger, AS, Ulrich]

- delicate numerics for one-loop (up to pentagon) diagrams $\rightarrow$ use [OpenLoops]
- delicate numerics in phase space integration $\rightarrow$ use next-to-soft approach, extension of LBK theorem beyond NLO [Engel, AS, Ulrich]
- ... no 1970 Chevrolet Monte Carlo has been used ... recall message # 1

- how important are the various contributions?
 - can we just neglect NNLO ?
 - do we really want to make approximations at NLO ?
 - how relevant are specifics of TPE vs NNLO ?
 - answers depend on precise definition of observables
 - let's look at some **toy** observables for MAGIX, MUSE, AMBER, PRad ...
 - if your favourite observable is not here, ask the mule
- ⇒ **McMULE is keen to exchange benchmarks with experimental collaborations**

$$e^- p \rightarrow e^- p$$

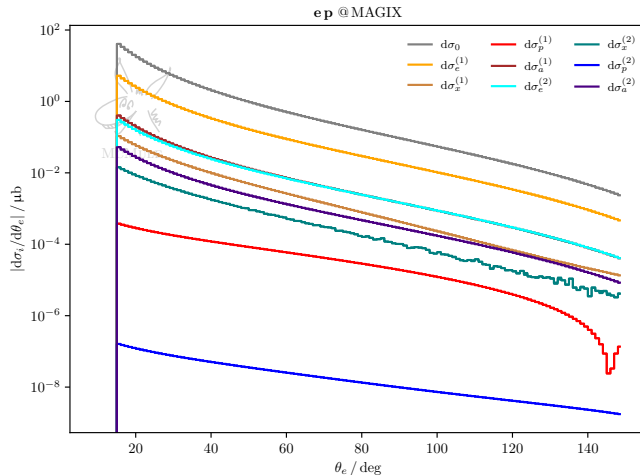
with $E_{\text{in}}(e^-) = 105 \text{ MeV}$

$$15^\circ \leq \theta_e \leq 150^\circ$$

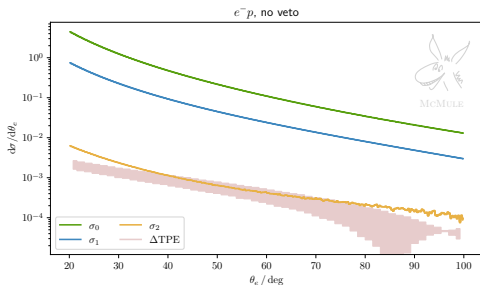
$$73.5 \text{ MeV} \leq p_e \leq 105 \text{ MeV}$$

$$E_{\gamma\text{tot}} < 1 \text{ MeV} \quad (!)$$

recall message # 2



ep : no cuts on γ

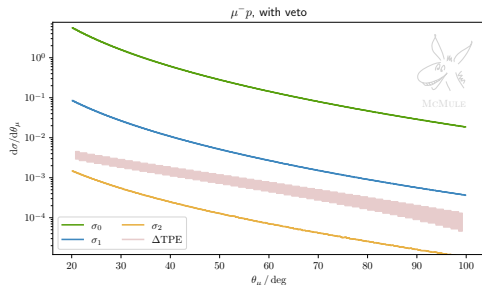


QED corrections large

avoiding initial state collinear emission and $e \rightarrow \mu$ helps

ep with cut looks similar to μp (with/out) cut

μp : cut on forward γ



QED corrections small

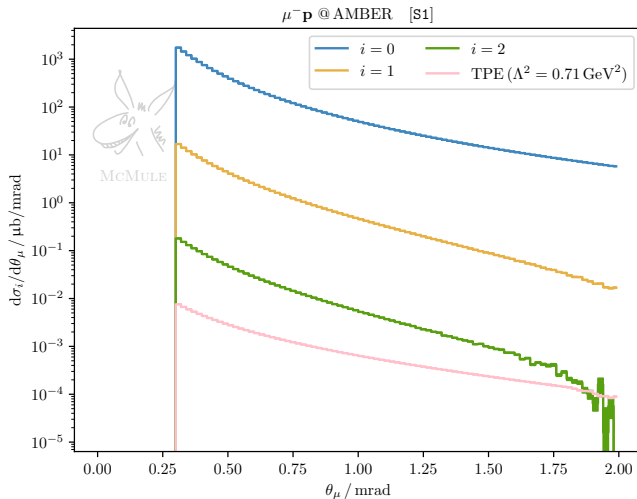
$\mu^- p \rightarrow \mu^- p$
with $E_{\text{in}} = 100$ GeV

$0.3 \text{ mrad} \leq \theta_\ell \leq 2 \text{ mrad}$

$E_\mu > 99$ GeV

our TPE is questionable

recall message # 2



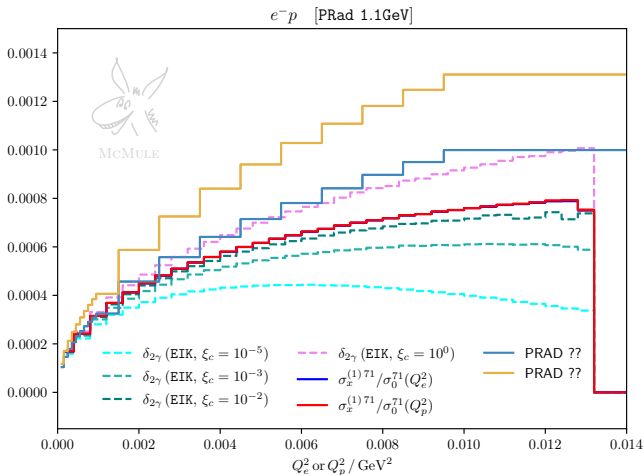
$e^- p \rightarrow e^- p$
with $E_{\text{in}}(e^-) = 1.1 \text{ GeV}$

only TPE = mixed NLO

$0.7^\circ \leq \theta_e \leq 6^\circ$

$E_\gamma < 20 \text{ MeV}$ if $\theta_\gamma > 6 \text{ mrad}$

recall message # 3



homework for the mule

- implement a decent TPE (beyond elastic TPE implemented so far)
- other targets than proton
- maybe think about polarisation

homework for the rest of us

- recite the three messages every evening before going to sleep
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